replacement, modernization, and expansion of buildings and equipment; and

- (iii) Annual review and updating by the governing body.
- (e) Standard: Patient care policies. The facility must have written patient care policies that govern the services it furnishes. The patient care policies must include the following:
- (1) A description of the services the facility furnishes through employees and those furnished under arrangements.
- (2) Rules for and personnel responsibilities in handling medical emergencies.
- (3) Rules for the storage, handling, and administration of drugs and biologicals.
- (4) Criteria for patient admission, continuing care, and discharge.
- (5) Procedures for preparing and maintaining clinical records on all patients.
- (6) A procedure for explaining to the patient and the patient's family the extent and purpose of the services to be provided.
- (7) A procedure to assist the referring physician in locating another level of care for—patients whose treatment has terminated and who are discharged.
- (8) A requirement that patients accepted by the facility must be under the care of a physician.
- (9) A requirement that there be a plan of treatment established by a physician for each patient.
- (10) A procedure to ensure that the group of professional personnel reviews and takes appropriate action on recommendations from the utilization review committee regarding patient care policies.
- (f) Standard: Delegation of authority. The responsibility for overall administration, management, and operation must be retained by the facility itself and not delegated to others.
- (1) The facility may enter into a contract for purposes of assistance in financial management and may delegate to others the following and similar services:
  - (i) Bookkeeping.
- (ii) Assistance in the development of procedures for billing and accounting systems.

- (iii) Assistance in the development of an operating budget.
- (iv) Purchase of supplies in bulk form.
- (v) The preparation of financial statements.
- (2) When the services listed in paragraph (f)(1) of this section are delegated, a contract must be in effect and:
- (i) May not be for a term of more than 5 years;
- (ii) Must be subject to termination within 60 days of written notice by either party:
- (iii) Must contain a clause requiring renegotiation of any provision that CMS finds to be in contravention to any new, revised or amended Federal regulation or law;
- (iv) Must state that only the facility may bill the Medicare program; and
- (v) May not include clauses that state or imply that the contractor has power and authority to act on behalf of the facility, or clauses that give the contractor rights, duties, discretions, or responsibilities that enable it to dictate the administration, mangement, or operations of the facility.

## § 485.58 Condition of participation: Comprehensive rehabilitation program.

The facility must provide a coordinated rehabilitation program that includes, at a minimum, physicians' services, physical therapy services, and social or psychological services. The services must be furnished by personnel that meet the qualifications set forth in §485.70 and must be consistent with the plan of treatment and the results of comprehensive patient assessments.

- (a) Standard: Physician services. (1) A facility physician must be present in the facility for a sufficient time to—
- (i) Provide, in accordance with accepted principles of medical practice, medical direction, medical care services, and consultation;
- (ii) Establish the plan of treatment in cases where a plan has not been established by the referring physician;
- (iii) Assist in establishing and implementing the facility's patient care policies; and

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- (iv) Participate in plan of treatment reviews, patient case review conferences, comprehensive patient assessment and reassessments, and utilization review.
- (2) The facility must provide for emergency physician services during the facility operating hours.
- (b) Standard: Plan of treatment. For each patient, a physician must establish a plan of treatment before the facility initiates treatment. The plan of treatment must meet the following requirements:
- (1) It must delineate anticipated goals and specify the type, amount, frequency and duration of services to be provided.
- (2) It must be promptly evaluated after changes in the patient's condition and revised when necessary.
- (3) It must, if appropriate, be developed in consultation with the facility physician and the appropriate facility professional personnel.
- (4) It must be reviewed at least every 60 days by a facility physician who, when appropriate, consults with the professional personnel providing services. The results of this review must be communicated to the patient's referring physician for concurrence before treatment is continued or discontinued
- (5) It must be revised if the comprehensive reassessment of the patient's status or the results of the patient case review conference indicate the need for revision.
- (c) Standard: Coordination of services. The facility must designate, in writing, a qualified professional to ensure that professional personnel coordinate their related activities and exchange information about each patient under their care. Mechanisms to assist in the coordination of services must include—
- (1) Providing to all personnel associated with the facility, a schedule indicating the frequency and type of services provided at the facility;
- (2) A procedure for communicating to all patient care personnel pertinent information concerning significant changes in the patient's status;
- (3) Periodic clinical record entries, noting at least the patient's status in relationship to goal attainment; and

- (4) Scheduling patient case review conferences for purposes of determining appropriateness of treatment, when indicated by the results of the initial comprehensive patient assessment, reassessment(s), the recommendation of the facility physician (or other physician who established the plan of treatment), or upon the recommendation of one of the professionals providing services.
- (d) Standard: Provision of services. (1) All patients must be referred to the facility by a physician who provides the following information to the facility before treatment is initiated:
- (i) The patient's significant medical history.
  - (ii) Current medical findings.
- (iii) Diagnosis(es) and contraindications to any treatment modality.
- (iv) Rehabilitation goals, if determined.
- (2) Services may be provided by facility employees or by others under arrangements made by the facility.
- (3) The facility must have on its premises the necessary equipment to implement the plan of treatment and sufficient space to allow adequate care.
- (4) The services must be furnished by personnel that meet the qualifications of §485.70 and the number of qualified personnel must be adequate for the volume and diversity of services offered. Personnel that do not meet the qualifications specified in §485.70 may be used by the facility in assisting qualified staff. When a qualified individual is assisted by these personnel, the qualified individual must be on the premises, and must instruct these personnel in appropriate patient care service techniques and retain responsibility for their activities.
- (5) A qualified professional must initiate and coordinate the appropriate portions of the plan of treatment, monitor the patient's progress, and recommend changes, in the plan, if necessary.
- (6) A qualified professional representing each service made available at the facility must be either on the premises of the facility or must be available through direct telecommunication for consultation and assistance during the facility's operating hours. At least one qualified professional

must be on the premises during the facility's operating hours.

- (7) All services must be provided consistent with accepted professional standards and practice.
- (e) Standard: Scope and site of services—(1) Basic requirements. The facility must provide all the CORF services required in the plan of treatment and, except as provided in paragraph (e)(2) of this section, must provide the services on its premises.
- (2) Exceptions. Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech pathology services furnished away from the premises of the CORF may be covered as CORF services if Medicare payment is not otherwise made for these services. In addition, a single home visit is covered if there is need to evaluate the potential impact of the home environment on the rehabilitation goals.
- (f) Standard: Patient assessment. Each qualified professional involved in the patient's care, as specified in the plan of treatment, must—
- (1) Carry out an initial patient assessment: and
- (2) In order to identify whether or not the current plan of treatment is appropriate, perform a patient reassessment after significant changes in the patient's status.
- (g) Standard: Laboratory services. (1) If the facility provides its own laboratory services, the services must meet the applicable requirements for laboratories specified in part 493 of this chapter.
- (2) If the facility chooses to refer specimens for laboratory testing, the referral laboratory must be certified in the appropriate specialties and subspecialties of services in accordance with the requirements of part 493 of this chapter.

[48 FR 56293, Dec. 15, 1982, as amended at 56 FR 8852, Mar. 1, 1991; 57 FR 7137, Feb. 28, 1992]

## § 485.60 Condition of participation: Clinical records.

The facility must maintain clinical records on all patients in accordance with accepted professional standards and practice. The clinical records must be completely, promptly, and accurately documented, readily accessible, and systematically organized to facili-

tate retrieval and compilation of information.

- (a) Standard: Content. Each clinical record must contain sufficient information to identify the patient clearly and to justify the diagnosis and treatment. Entries in the clinical record must be made as frequently as is necessary to insure effective treatment and must be signed by personnel providing services. All entries made by assistant level personnel must be countersigned by the corresponding professional. Documentation on each patient must be consolidated into one clinical record that must contain—
- (1) The initial assessment and subsequent reassessments of the patient's needs;
  - (2) Current plan of treatment;
- (3) Identification data and consent or authorization forms;
- (4) Pertinent medical history, past and present;
- (5) A report of pertinent physical examinations if any;
- (6) Progress notes or other documentation that reflect patient reaction to treatment, tests, or injury, or the need to change the established plan of treatment; and
- (7) Upon discharge, a discharge summary including patient status relative to goal achievement, prognosis, and future treatment considerations.
- (b) Standard: Protection of clinical record information. The facility must safeguard clinical record information against loss, destruction, or unauthorized use. The facility must have procedures that govern the use and removal of records and the conditions for release of information. The facility must obtain the patient's written consent before releasing information not required to be released by law.
- (c) Standard: Retention and preservation. The facility must retain clinical record information for 5 years after patient discharge and must make provision for the maintenance of such records in the event that it is no longer able to treat patients.

## § 485.62 Condition of participation: Physical environment.

The facility must provide a physical environment that protects the health